Information about the Kentucky State University Cooperative Extension Program

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# Irrigation for Your Home Vegetable Garden

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Vegetables require 1 inch of water per week. This should equal about 62 gallons for a 100 square foot bed. Some recommend that the water should be applied all at once to encourage deeper root growth.

## How to Calculate How Much Water Equals 1 inch for Your Garden



1. Calculate that volume of water that equals 1 inch for your garden.

Length of bed x Width of bed = Area of your garden (square feet)	Length of your bed:	
A 6	Width of your bed:	
$\frac{\text{Area of your garden}}{100 \text{ square feet}} \times 62 \text{ gallons} = \text{Gallons of water needed}$	Area of your garden:	
	Gallons of water needed:	
OR		
Length of bed x Width of bed = Area of your garden (square feet)	Languille of variable di	
Length of bea'x width of bea = Area of your garden (square reet)	Length of your bed:	
Area of your garden x $0.083$ ft (1 inch) = Cubic feet of water needed	Width of your bed:	
	Area of your garden:	
Cubic feet of water x $\frac{7.48 \text{ gallons}}{1 \text{ cubic foot}}$ = Gallons of water needed	Cubic ft of water needed:	
I CUDIC 100L	Gallons of water needed:	
	dalions of water fleeded.	

2. Determine how long to run your irrigation to supply this water.

Time how long it takes to fill a bucket of known volume with a hose.

Gallons of water needed Volume of the bucket = Amount of time to run the hose

Volume of bucket:
Time to fill bucket:
Amount of time to run hose:

OR

Set small containers such as tuna cans around the garden. Time how long it takes to fill the containers.

Depth of container:			
Time to fill container:			
Amount of time to run sprinkler:			

1 inch of water needed Depth of the container = Amount of time to run the sprinkler

#### Keep a Log of How Much Water Your **Garden Needs Each Week**

#### Example Table:

Date	Rain Depth (in)	Rain in Forecast?	Irrigation Supplied (in)	Needed Water Remaining (in)
6/29	0.01	Yes	0	0.99 in
6/30	0.34	Yes	0	0.65
6/31	1.07	Yes	0	0

- 1. Record the date each day.
- 2. Record the amount of rain from either a rain gauge in your garden, or another accurate weather source. Setting up a rain gauge in your garden will give you the most accurate information for your location.
- 3. Determine if there is rain in the forecast. If there is a lot of rain in the forecast for the next couple of days, it may be wise to reduce the amount of irrigation supplied, or to wait to irrigate until after the rain.
- 4. Record the amount of irrigation supplied to the garden. This should be done in inches of depth. If the full amount needed is supplied, then this will be 1 inch. If not, you can use the following calculation to determine how many inches you have supplied.

How long you ran the sprinkler = Water supplied (in) Amount of time to run the sprinkler

OR

How long you ran the hose x Volume of the bucket = Gallons of water supplied Time to fill the bucket

Gallons of water supplied = Inches of water supplied Gallons of water needed

5. Subtract the rain depth and irrigation supplied from the water needed. At the beginning of the week, this will be the 1-inch water recommendation. After the first day of the week use the value from the previous day in the final column. Enter the amount in the final column for that day.

#### References

Home Vegetable Gardening in Kentucky. ID-128. University of Kentucky Cooperative Extension Service

Markham, B.L. 2014. The MiniFarmingTM Bible: The Complete Guide to Self-Sufficiency on ¼ Acre. SkyHorse Publishing. New York, New York.



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